# William Barnes Primary School Early Years Foundation Stage Policy

# **Generic INTENT**

Vision		Mission
<ul> <li>An inspirational, stimulating and well-resourced environment</li> <li>A safe and secure school at the heart of the community</li> <li>Inquiry, independence and enthusiasm for learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Preparing all children for life</li> <li>A high quality professional team</li> <li>Taking pride in all our achievements</li> <li>High standards of behaviour</li> </ul>	Where every child counts

Excellent teaching gives children the life chances they deserve...Enjoyment is the birthright of every child. The most powerful mix is the one that brings the two together. Children learn better when they are excited and engaged – but what excites and engages them best is truly excellent teaching. Education is for all, not the few. All children have the right to be the best they can be. We foster a love of learning and the development of the well-rounded child.

# **Preparing Children for Life**

We believe that we are preparing children for 21<sup>st</sup> Century life. We aim for them to be independent thinkers, confident learners and global citizens, equipped to live and work in and contribute to the global economy.

### Aims and Objectives

- At William Barnes Primary School, we believe that children deserve:
- To be set appropriate and stimulating learning challenges
- To be taught well and be given the opportunity to learn in ways that maximise the chances of success
- To be given quality feedback which highlights successes and areas for improvement.
- To have adults working with them to tackle the specific barriers to progress they face.

# <u>It is also our aim that :</u>

- Children develop a lasting love of all aspects of learning which will aid and enhance their further education and life.
- Children are given the opportunity to experience the widest variety of the written and spoken word possible a vocabulary rich curriculum and school experience. This includes trips to pantomimes, art galleries and orchestral concerts.
- Children develop a healthy lifestyle this is supported by Active Learning, The Daily Mile, Wake and Shake, Storycise and a robust healthy eating policy.

# Knowledge and Skills

As a school, we believe in the equal relationship between knowledge and skills in our curriculum. We believe that:

- Knowledge can be declarative ( to know that ) or Procedural ( to know how ).
- Both these forms are important and that Declarative knowledge is turned into Procedural knowledge. through action and the act of applying.
- Skills can be Procedural knowledge as a result of the application of Declarative knowledge.
- Skills can be linked to dispositions and behaviours.
- In short, skills often procedural knowledge and are linked intrinsically to declarative knowledge. We prefer to see the debate laid out as:

Knowledge	Comprehension	Application	Evaluation
<b>Global Community</b>	Parents		
We aim to equip our children for living in, and contributing to, a secure, transformative and sustainable world.	"For all childrer important for in	tellectual and social cation and income.	e home learning environment is more al development than parental . What parents do is more important

# **INTENT**

### Vision and Mission

At William Barnes the EYFS policy operates within the wider context of the school vision and mission statement

# **Current Practice**

### Teaching and Learning Overview

From September 2021, the new Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage must be followed in every EYFS classroom. Teaching is in line with the recommendations of the Early Years Foundation Stage 2021 and any revised additions henceforth.

The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) applies to children from birth to the end of the Reception Year. At William Barnes Primary School children join at the start of the Reception year, in which the children turn 5 and complete the foundation stage. In partnership with parents and carers we enable the children to begin the process of becoming active learners for life.

The EYFS is based upon four themes

- A Unique Child
- Positive Relationships
- Enabling Environments
- Learning and Developing

There are 3 prime areas:

- Communication and language
- Physical development
- Personal, social and emotional development

There are 4 specific areas through which the 3 prime areas are strengthened and applied:

- Mathematics
- Literacy
- Understanding the world
- Expressive arts and design
- •

# Aims and Objectives:

During the Reception Year we aim to:

- Provide an environment that is safe, happy, caring and sharing, stimulating and challenging which will foster high self-esteem and positive attitudes to school and learning.
- Develop children's confidence and ability to express their own thoughts, ideas and feelings and to communicate them clearly to others, knowing that everyone can feel safe, secure and valued.
- Provide a curriculum that is broad, balanced, purposeful, relevant, creative and connective so developing firm foundations for future learning.
- Provide opportunities for children to experience and engage in a challenging and exciting programme of learning and development through planned, purposeful play activities in all areas of learning.
- Provide children with opportunities to learn both inside and outside.
- Encourage children to work independently, to make choices, enable decision-making and develop a sense of self reliance.
- Establish strong links between home and school. Creating a partnership with parents/guardians.
- Provide a rich, varied and planned learning environment that encourages children to develop their skills and abilities to their full potential.

• Provide a planned and well-resourced continuous provision that develops over time and increases in challenge.

# IMPLEMENTATION How We Teach

### Statement of Current Practice

- **Key Person:** The key person approach is aimed at enabling and supporting close attachments between children and practitioners. Attachment provides a sense of security so that children can become confident, independent and capable young learners. At school the key person is the Early Years class teachers and teaching assistants. Their roles are to meet the needs of each child in their care and respond sensitively to their feelings, talking to the parents and working in partnership with them. A challenging and diverse curriculum offering ample opportunity to practise and develop skills and learning. The curriculum should also offer opportunities for the development of personal qualities and social skills.
- Home School Links: Parents are welcomed into the Early Years Foundation Class during the settling in period and after that are welcomed into the school following the schools 'Open Door Policy', staff are happy to discuss with parents/guardians about their child's welfare and learning before or after school. Parents/Guardians are invited to termly parent consultation meetings. Literature to support the parental role in early learning is given to all parents prior to their child's entry to the school. We also have family learning weeks for parents to find out how we teach phonics, number skills etc. Parents are invited to learn along side their child in a range of curriculum sessions after the children have settled in. Parents are able to email/ contact the class teacher via email or through our 'Open Door Policy'.
- **Floppy Phonics:** The school follows a systematic approach to teaching phonics with a clear progression. The reading scheme is closely matched to the stages in the phonics scheme.
- Home Learning During the Pandemic: Parents are given Microsoft Teams login details and guidance for using teams for home learning and parent meetings. If the 'Reception Bubble' is, closed teaching and learning will be through teams.
- Tapestry is an online learning journal. Parents and carers are given individual login in accounts and passwords where they access photographs and activities that their children carry out at school.
- Parents will receive regular letters to inform them about key information about their child's learning including suggestions to develop their children's learning at home.
- Parents are invited into school regularly to join in with their child's learning.
- Daily rich and positive learning experiences with plenty of first-hand experience, varied to include all learning styles and including regular opportunity to explore and learn through practical and play activities.
- The chance to make decisions and to take responsibility both for their learning and behaviour. This includes the chance to make mistakes in a forgiving environment and to realise that making mistakes is a learning experience.
- In all, a well-planned, carefully structured programme of academic and personal development, building on past experiences and achievements delivered in ways appropriate to their age and stage.
- **Induction into School:** Parents/Guardians are invited to an initial open evening and advised to make an appointment to see the school in action. The children are then invited to visit the school for 1 hour a week from February half term onwards. They are then invited to a taster morning.
- **Transition to Year One:** During the spring term the children visit their new class for a transition morning. This is where they spend the morning with their new teacher and have the opportunity to have a taster of their new class and routines.

### Planning

- The curriculum will be planned, overseen and delivered by the Early Years teachers and experienced Teaching Assistants following the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).
- Weekly planning consists of a balance of purposeful child initiated and adult planned activities dependent on the specific needs of the children and the developmental stages they are at.
- Planning contains learning objectives 'Can I ...' questions and differentiation depending on the developmental stage individual to each child.
- Next steps are implemented when necessary to move children's learning forward through planned and unplanned activities.

- The curriculum is planned through a connective curriculum approach.
- Children are primarily taught Maths by using the Numicon programme and the White Rose Scheme, providing firm foundations for number and calculating.
- Discrete sessions of phonics are taught daily using the program Floppy Phonics by Oxford Reading Tree. Please refer to the English Policy.

#### **Reading/Vocabulary/Oracy**

We believe reading to be the very bedrock for learning. Reading development is considered when planning every learning opportunity and opportunities for developing the reading practice of children and parents are constantly updated. We are constantly evaluating new and existing strategies for encouraging home reading.

Time is given to vocabulary development within all subjects and children are encouraged to question new vocabulary at any opportunity. As stated before, we run our own Oracy Project, which supports the catch up process for young children with a vocabulary gap.

# **Support**

- The EYFS Leaders regularly attend updates and meetings regarding the EYFS current practise.
- EYFS leaders meet once a term with SLT.

# **OVERVIEW**

Curriculum Areas	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Communication and Language	-Understand how to	-Connect one idea or	Articulate their ideas
Listening and attention-Listen attentively	listen carefully and	action to another	and thoughts in well-
and respond to what they hear with relevant	why listening is	using a range of	formed sentences.
questions, comments and actions when	important.	connectives.	
being read to and during whole class	-Learn new	-Describe events in	-Listen to and talk
discussions and small group interactions.	vocabulary.	detail.	about selected non-
Make comments about what they have	-Ask questions to find	-Use talk to help work	fiction to develop a
heard and ask questions to clarify their	out more and check	out problems and	deep familiarity with
understanding. Hold conversation when	they understand what	organize thinking and	new knowledge and
engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with	is being said to them.	activities and explain	vocabulary.
their teacher and peers.	-Develop social	how things work and	-Use new vocabulary
Speaking- Participate in small group, class	phrases.	why they might	in different contexts.
and one-to-one discussions, offering their	-Engage in story-time.	happen.	
own ideas, using recently introduced	-Listen to and talk	-Retell a story, once	
vocabulary. Offer explanations for why	about stories to build	they have developed a	
things might happen, making use of	familiarity and	deep familiarity with	
recently introduced vocabulary from	understanding.	the text.	
stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems	Listen carefully to	-Learn rhymes, poems	
when appropriate. Express their ideas and	songs and rhymes.	and songs.	
feelings about their experiences using full	Paying attention to	-Engage in non-fiction	
sentences, including use of past, present	how they sound.	books.	
and future tenses and making use of	-		
conjunctions, with modelling and support			
from their teacher.			
Personal Social and Emotional	-Build constructive	-Show resilience	-Identify and
Self regulation- Show an understanding	and respectful	and perseverance	moderate their own
of their own feelings and those of	relationships.	in the face of	feelings socially
others, and begin to regulate their	_	challenge.	and emotionally.
behaviour accordingly. Set and work	-Manage their own		
towards simple goals, being able to wait	needs.	-See themselves as	-Think about the
for what they want and control their		a valuable	perspectives of
immediate impulses when appropriate.	-Express their	individual.	others.
Give focused attention to what the	feelings and		
teacher says, responding appropriately	consider the feelings		
even when engaged in activity, and	of others.		

show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Managing self- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. Building Relationships- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others needs.			
Physical Gross Motor Skills- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Fine Motor Skills- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing	Refine and revise the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired:- rolling- crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing -Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. -Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. -Combine different movements with ease and fluency. -Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: - lining up and queuing – mealtimes personal hygiene. -Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. - Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. -Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity- healthy eating- tooth brushing	<ul> <li>-Develop overall body-strength, balance, co- ordination and agility.</li> <li>-Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.</li> <li>-Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.</li> </ul>

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	handwriting style which is fast,	- sensible amounts	
	accurate and	of 'screen time'-	
	efficient.	having a good	
		sleep routine-	
		being a safe	
		pedestrian.	
Literacy	-Read individual	-Read some letter	-Re-read these books
Comprehension- Demonstrate	letters by saying the	groups that each	to build up their
understanding of what has been read to	sounds for them.	represent one sound	confidence in word
them by retelling stories and narratives		and say sounds for	reading, their
using their own words and recently	-Blend sounds into	them. Read simple	fluency and their
introduced vocabulary. Anticipate	words, so that they can read short words	phrases and	understanding and
(where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently	made up of known	sentences made up of words	enjoyment.
introduced vocabulary during	letter-sound	with known letter	- Write short
discussions about stories, non-fiction,	correspondences.	with known letter	sentences with
rhymes and poems and during role play.	conception	-Sound	words with known
Word Reading- Say a sound for each	-Form lower-case	correspondences	letter-sound
letter in the alphabet and at least 10	correctly.	and, where	correspondences
digraphs. Read words consistent with		necessary, a few	using a capital letter
their phonic knowledge by sound-	-Read a few	exception words.	and full stop.
blending. Read aloud simple sentences	common exception		
and books that are consistent with their	words matched to	-Spell words by	-Re-read what they
phonic knowledge, including some	the school's phonic	identifying the	have written to check it makes
common exception words. Writing- Write recognisable letters,	programme.	sounds and then writing the sound	sense.
most of which are correctly formed.		with letter/s.	501150.
Spell words by identifying sounds in		with fottof/5.	
them and representing the sounds with a		-Form lower-case	
letter or letters. Write simple phrases		and capital letters	
and sentences that can be read by		correctly.	
others.		~	~
Mathematics	-Count objects,	-Subitise.	-Compose and
Number- Have a deep understanding of	actions and sounds.	-Count beyond ten.	decompose shapes so that children
number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise	-Link the number	-Count beyond ten.	recognise a shape
(recognise quantities without counting)	symbol (numeral)	-Compare numbers.	can have other
up to 5. Automatically recall (without	with its cardinal		shapes within it, just
reference to rhymes, counting or other	number value.	-Understand the 'one	as numbers
aids) number bonds up to 5 (including		more than/one less	
subtraction facts) and some number	-Select, rotate and	than' relationship	-Automatically
bonds to 10, including double facts.	manipulate shapes	between consecutive	recall number bonds
Numerical Patterns- Verbally count	in order to develop	numbers.	for numbers 0-10.
beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare	spatial reasoning skills.	Explore the	
quantities up to 10 in different contexts,	581115.	-Explore the composition of	
recognising when one quantity is	-Continue, copy and	numbers to 10.	
greater than, less than or the same as the	create repeating		
other quantity. Explore and represent	patterns.		
patterns within numbers up to 10,			
including evens and odds, double facts	-Compare length,		
and how quantities can be distributed	weight and capacity.		
equally.			
Understanding of the World	-Talk about	-Comment on	-Draw information
Past and Present- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles	members of their immediate family	images of familiar situations in the	from a simple map.
in society. Know some similarities and	and community.	past.	
	and community.	pasi.	

differences between things in the past	Name and describe	Compare and	-Recognise some similarities and
, B I		- Compare and	
-	people who are	contrast characters	differences between
	familiar to them.	from stories,	life in this country
characters and events encountered in		including figures	and life in other
books read in class and storytelling.	Explore the natural	from the past.	countries.
People, Cultures and Communities-	world around them.		
Describe their immediate environment		- Understand that	- Recognise some
using knowledge from observation, -	Describe what they	some places are	environments that
	see, hear and feel	special to members	are different to the
	whilst outside.	of their community.	one in which they
differences between different religious	(initiational)	or their community.	live.
-	Understand the	-Recognise that	
	effect of changing	people have	-Understand the
	00	different beliefs and	
1	seasons on the		effect of changing
	natural world	celebrate special	seasons on the
5	around them.	times in different	natural world
other countries, drawing on knowledge		ways.	around them.
from stories, nonfiction texts and (when			
appropriate) maps.		-Understand the	
The Natural World- Explore the natural		effect of changing	
world around them, making		seasons on the	
observations and drawing pictures of		natural world	
animals and plants. Know some		around them.	
similarities and differences between the			
natural world around them and			
contrasting environments, drawing on			
their experiences and what has been			
read in class. Understand some			
important processes and changes in the			
natural world around them, including			
<u> </u>			
the seasons and changing states of			
matter.	<b>F</b> 1 1	D ( ) 11 11	XX7 / 1 1 / 11
-	-Explore, use and	-Return to and build	-Watch and talk
•	refine a variety of	on their previous	about dance and
1 5 7	artistic effects to	learning, refining	performance art,
	express their ideas	ideas and	expressing their
	and feelings.	developing their	feelings and
Share their creations, explaining the		ability to represent	responses.
	Listen attentively,	them.	
props and materials when role playing r	move to and talk		-Explore and engage
	about music,	-Sing in a group or	in music making
	expressing their	on their own,	and dance,
• •	feelings and	increasingly	performing solo or
· •	responses.	matching the pitch	in groups.
Sing a range of well-known nursery	L	and following the	
	Develop storylines	melody.	
	in their pretend play.		
and (when appropriate) try to move.	in then pretend play.		
	Create		
	collaboratively		
	ala anima i de es		
	sharing ideas, resources and skills.		

# IMPACT Assessment

### Summative Assessment

Within the first 6 weeks of the children starting school, Reception children are assessed using the Reception Baseline. An initial assessment is made during the induction period of term 1 when evidence is gathered from pre-school/nursery records and teacher/TA observations within the school day.

The EYFS Profile will be completed at the end of the Reception year; data will be sent to County and practitioners will report whether children are meeting expected levels of development or not yet reaching expected levels (emerging). Children who do not achieve all of the Early Learning Goals by the end of the Reception Year continue to work towards them in Year 1. The observations, assessments and 'scale point data' form the basis of individual reports to parents in Term 3.

All attainment data is passed to the Year 1 teacher(s) for continuity at this time of transition.

### Formative Assessment

Ongoing assessment is made throughout each week and term to ensure planning is specific to the needs of a group or individual. Records called Learning Journeys are kept using an online learning journal called Tapestry of each child's learning related to teacher-led and child chosen tasks as well as observations relating to child initiated activities. Parental comments, noted in Tapestry, are also added to support the child's record of learning. Parents are able to download their child's learning journey at the end of the reception year.

The Reception Teachers and staff also participate in moderation meetings to validate teacher assessment and ensure external quality assurance.

Children who present special educational needs are identified as early as possible within the school year and appropriate intervention is made in line with the school's Special Educational Needs Policy. Parents are involved in all stages.

# Multicultural/ Equal Opportunities

EYFS is taught within the schools Equal Opportunities policy.

### Inclusion

We value the diversity of individuals within the school and do not discriminate against children because of 'differences'. All children at William Barnes Primary School are treated fairly and all children and their families are valued. In our school we believe that all our children matter. We give our children every opportunity to achieve their best. We do this by taking account of our children's range of life experiences when planning for their learning. In the EYFS we set realistic and challenging expectations that meet the needs of the children.

In planning we ensure that we meet the needs of all the learners using practitioner's knowledge and both formative and summative assessment procedures.

We meet the needs of all our children through:

• Planning opportunities that build upon and extend children's knowledge, experience and interests, and develop their selfesteem and confidence.

- Using a wide range of teaching strategies based on children's learning needs and interests.
- Providing a wide range of opportunities to motivate and support children and to help them to learn effectively.
- Providing a safe and supportive learning environment in which the contribution of all children is valued.

• Using resources which reflect diversity and are free from discrimination and stereotyping.

• Planning challenging activities for children whose ability and understanding are in advance of their language and communication skills.

• Monitoring children's progress and taking action to provide support as necessary.

#### Governors

There is a member of the Governing Body with overall responsibility for Early Years Foundation Stage. Governors are kept up to date with any developments/decisions at Governing Body meetings.

#### Welfare

At William Barnes Primary School we comply with the welfare requirements as stated in the Statutory Framework for Early Years Foundation Stage 2021. We understand that we are required to:

- Promote the welfare of children.
- Promote good health, preventing the spread of infection and taking appropriate action when children are ill.
- Manage behaviour effectively in a manner appropriate for the children's stage of development and individual needs.
- Ensure all adults who look after the children or who have unsupervised access to them are suitable to do so.
- Ensure that the premises, furniture and equipment is safe and suitable for purpose.
- Ensure that every child receives enjoyable and challenging learning and development experiences tailored to meet their needs.
- Maintain records, policies and procedures required for safe efficient management of the setting and to meet the needs of the children.

We endeavour to meet all these requirements.

Name of school	William Barnes Primary
Date of policy	3 <sup>rd</sup> July 2023
Member of staff responsible	Hannah Dyke Naomi Lewis
Review date	Summer 2024